## Year 3 Autumn 2 Science- Plants

## Key Facts

- The stages of a plant life cycle are the seed, germination, growth, reproduction, pollination, and seed spreading stages.
- 2. Pollination is when pollen is transferred from the male anther of a flower to the female stigma, which leads to fertilisation and the production of seeds.
- The plant life cycle starts with a seed; every seed holds a miniature plant called the embryo.
- Seed germination is when the seed takes in water from the soil which helps the root grow to allow the seed to get more water.
- 5. Transpiration, is where water evaporating from the leaves of a plant causes the plant to draw up more water from the roots.
- 6. Seed dispersal is the movement or transport of seeds away from the parent plant.
- 7. There are five main modes of seed dispersal: gravity, wind, ballistic, water, and by animals.

