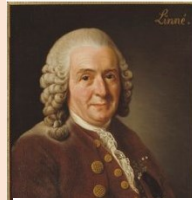


Year 6 Autumn 1 Science- Living Things and Their Habitats

Key facts

1. Living things can be animals, plants, fungus or microorganisms such as bacteria.
2. Carl Linnaeus developed a classification system called Systems Naturae in 1735.
3. This work allowed scientists to classify all living things, according to their similarities.
4. Living things can be classified as animals, plants, fungus or microorganisms.
5. Animals can be classified as vertebrates or invertebrates.
6. Vertebrates can be classified as mammals, reptiles, birds, amphibians and fish.
7. Invertebrates can be classified as crustaceans, insects, annelids and arachnids.
8. Vertebrates have a backbone inside their bodies.



Carl Linnaeus



crustacean



annelids



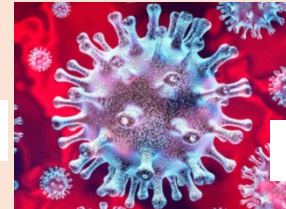
arachnid



fungus



bacteria



virus



human vertebrae

Scientific skills

- Make and use scientific keys
- Use my results and observations to answer questions

Useful Vocabulary

- classification keys
- Carl Linnaeus
- backbone
- spine
- warm blooded,
- cold blooded
- exoskeleton
- vertebrates
- invertebrates
- endangered
- microorganism
- plant
- fungus
- bacteria
- virus